

GEPHE SUMMARY

<p>FRIZZLED8 (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene+Gephebase=^FRIZZLED8^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene+Gephebase=^FRIZZLED8^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>Published</p>	<p>Gephebase Gene</p> <p>Entry Status</p>	<p>GP00001443</p> <p>Prigent</p>	<p>GepheID</p> <p>Main curator</p>
---	---	----------------------------------	------------------------------------

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

<p>Morphology (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait+Category=^Morphology^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait+Category=^Morphology^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>Neocortex development (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Neocortex+development^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Neocortex+development^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>chimpanzee</p> <p>human</p> <p>Taxon A</p> <p>Interspecific (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic+Status=^Interspecific^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic+Status=^Interspecific^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>	<p>Trait Category</p> <p>Trait</p> <p>Trait State in Taxon A</p> <p>Trait State in Taxon B</p> <p>Ancestral State</p> <p>Taxonomic Status</p>	<p>Taxon A</p> <p>Latin Name</p> <p>Pan troglodytes (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Pan+troglodytes^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Pan+troglodytes^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>chimpanzee</p> <p>Synonyms</p> <p>chimpanzee; Chimpanzee troglodytes</p> <p>species</p> <p>Lineage</p> <p>cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Simiiformes; Catarrhini; Hominoidea; Hominidae; Homininae; Pan</p> <p>Parent</p> <p>Pan (chimpanzees) - (Rank: genus) (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9596">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9596</a>)</p> <p>NCBI Taxonomy ID</p> <p>9598 (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9598">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9598</a>)</p> <p>is Taxon A an Intraspecies?</p> <p>No</p>	<p>Taxon B</p> <p>Latin Name</p> <p>Homo sapiens (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Homo+sapiens^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Homo+sapiens^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>Common Name</p> <p>human</p> <p>Synonyms</p> <p>human; man; Homo sapiens Linnaeus, 1758; Home sapiens; Homo sapiens; Homo sapeins; Homo sapien; Homo sapians; Homo sapien; Homo sapience; Homo sapiense; Homo sapients; Homo sapines; Homo spaiens; Homo spiens; Humo sapiens</p> <p>Rank</p> <p>species</p> <p>Lineage</p> <p>cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Simiiformes; Catarrhini; Hominoidea; Hominidae; Homininae; Homo</p> <p>Parent</p> <p>Homo () - (Rank: genus) (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9605">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9605</a>)</p> <p>NCBI Taxonomy ID</p> <p>9606 (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9606">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9606</a>)</p> <p>is Taxon B an Intraspecies?</p> <p>No</p>
---	---	--	---

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

<p>FZD8</p> <p>FZ-8; hFZ8</p> <p>9606.ENSPO0000363826 (<a href="http://string-db.org/newstring_cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=9606.ENSPO0000363826">http://string-db.org/newstring_cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=9606.ENSPO0000363826</a>)</p> <p>Sequence Similarities</p> <p>Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor Fz/Smo family.</p> <p>GO - Molecular Function</p> <p>GO:0005102 : signaling receptor binding (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005102">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005102</a>)</p> <p>GO:0030165 : PDZ domain binding (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0030165">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0030165</a>)</p> <p>GO:0004930 : G protein-coupled receptor activity</p>	<p>Generic Gene Name</p> <p>Synonyms</p> <p>String</p> <p>Sequence Similarities</p> <p>GO - Molecular Function</p>	<p>UniProtKB Homo sapiens</p> <p>Q9H461 (<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q9H461">http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q9H461</a>)</p> <p>GenebankID or UniProtKB</p> <p>0</p>
---	--	---

(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0004930>)  
 GO:0031625 : ubiquitin protein ligase binding  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0031625>)  
 GO:0042813 : Wnt-activated receptor activity  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0042813>)  
 GO:0017147 : Wnt-protein binding (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0017147>)  
 GO - Biological Process

GO:0030182 : neuron differentiation (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0030182>)  
 GO:0045944 : positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0045944>)  
 GO:0000122 : negative regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0000122>)  
 GO:0001525 : angiogenesis (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0001525>)  
 GO:0060070 : canonical Wnt signaling pathway  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0060070>)  
 GO:0035567 : non-canonical Wnt signaling pathway  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0035567>)  
 GO:0043507 : positive regulation of JUN kinase activity  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0043507>)  
 GO:0033077 : T cell differentiation in thymus  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0033077>)

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0016021 : integral component of membrane  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016021>)  
 GO:0005886 : plasma membrane (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005886>)  
 GO:0005794 : Golgi apparatus (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005794>)  
 GO:1990851 : Wnt-Frizzled-LRP5/6 complex  
 (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:1990851>)

Presumptive Null

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null=^No^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Type

Cis-regulatory (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=^Cis-regulatory^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Aberration Type

Unknown (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=^Unknown^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Details of the Mutation

10 mutations fixed on the human branch in the Hs-HARE5 genomic locus resulting in enhancer activity in developing neocortex

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=^Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Main Reference

Human-chimpanzee differences in a FZD8 enhancer alter cell-cycle dynamics in the developing neocortex. (2015) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25702574>)

Authors

Boyd JL; Skove SL; Rouanet JP; Pilaz LJ; Bepler T; Gordân R; Wray GA; Silver DL

Abstract

The human neocortex differs from that of other great apes in several notable regards, including altered cell cycle, prolonged corticogenesis, and increased size [1-5]. Although these evolutionary changes most likely contributed to the origin of distinctively human cognitive faculties, their genetic basis remains almost entirely unknown. Highly conserved non-coding regions showing rapid sequence changes along the human lineage are candidate loci for the development and evolution of uniquely human traits. Several studies have identified human-accelerated enhancers [6-14], but none have linked an expression difference to a specific organismal trait. Here we report the discovery of a human-accelerated regulatory enhancer (HARE5) of FZD8, a receptor of the Wnt pathway implicated in brain development and size [15, 16]. Using transgenic mice, we demonstrate dramatic differences in human and chimpanzee HARE5 activity, with human HARE5 driving early and robust expression at the onset of corticogenesis. Similar to HARE5 activity, FZD8 is expressed in neural progenitors of the developing neocortex [17-19]. Chromosome conformation capture assays reveal that HARE5 physically and specifically contacts the core Fzd8 promoter in the mouse embryonic neocortex. To assess the phenotypic consequences of HARE5 activity, we generated transgenic mice in which Fzd8 expression is under control of orthologous enhancers (Pt-HARE5::Fzd8 and Hs-HARE5::Fzd8). In comparison to Pt-HARE5::Fzd8, Hs-HARE5::Fzd8 mice showed marked acceleration of neural progenitor cell cycle and increased brain size. Changes in HARE5 function unique to humans thus alter the cell-cycle dynamics of a critical population of stem cells during corticogenesis and may underlie some distinctive anatomical features of the human brain.

Copyright © 2015 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

No matches found.

Related Genes

No matches found.

Related Haplotypes

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS

