

## GEPHE SUMMARY

	Gephebase Gene		GepheID
Fidgetin-like1 (Fignl1) ( <a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene</a> )		GP00001668	
Gephebase="Fidgetin-like1 (Fignl1)"#gephebase-summary-title)			Main curator
	Entry Status	Prigent	
Published			

## PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

	Trait Category		
Physiology ( <a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait</a> )			
Category="Physiology"#gephebase-summary-title)			
	Trait		
Testis size (testis weight ; spermatogenesis) ( <a (testis="" ;="" href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=" size="" spermatogenesis)"#gephebase-summary-title"="" testis="" weight="">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait="Testis size (testis weight ; spermatogenesis)"#gephebase-summary-title</a> )			
	Trait State in Taxon A		
Mus spretus SEG/PAS strain			
	Trait State in Taxon B		
Mus musculus C57BL6/J strain			
	Ancestral State		
Unknown			
	Taxonomic Status		
Interspecific ( <a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic</a> )			
Status="Interspecific"#gephebase-summary-title)			
	Taxon A	Taxon B	
	Latin Name		Latin Name
Mus spretus		Mus musculus	
( <a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=" mus="" spretus"#gephebase-summary-title"="">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms="Mus spretus"#gephebase-summary-title</a> )		( <a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=" mus="" musculus"#gephebase-summary-title"="">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms="Mus musculus"#gephebase-summary-title</a> )	
	Common Name		Common Name
western wild mouse		house mouse	
	Synonyms		Synonyms
Mus musculus spretus; western wild mouse; Algerian mouse		house mouse; mouse; Mus musculus Linnaeus, 1758; mice C57BL/6xCBA/CaJ hybrid	
	Rank		Rank
species		species	
	Lineage		Lineage
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia;		cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia;	
Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii;		Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii;	
Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria;		Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria;	
Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus		Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus	
	Parent		Parent
Mus () - (Rank: subgenus)		Mus () - (Rank: subgenus)	
( <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 862507">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 862507</a> )		( <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 862507">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 862507</a> )	
	NCBI Taxonomy ID		NCBI Taxonomy ID
10096		10090	
( <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10096">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10096</a> )		( <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10090">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10090</a> )	
	is Taxon A an Intraspecies?		is Taxon B an Intraspecies?
Yes		Yes	
	Taxon A Description		Taxon B Description
Mus spretus SEG/PAS strain		Mus musculus C57BL6/J strain	

## GENOTYPIC CHANGE

	Generic Gene Name		UniProtKB Mus musculus
Fignl1		Q8BPY9 ( <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q8BPY9">http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q8BPY9</a> )	
	Synonyms		GenebankID or UniProtKB
-		0	
	String		
10090.ENSMUSP00000036932			
( <a href="http://string-db.org/newstring_cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=10090.ENSMUSP00000036932">http://string-db.org/newstring_cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=10090.ENSMUSP00000036932</a> )			
	Sequence Similarities		
Belongs to the AAA ATPase family.			
	GO - Molecular Function		
GO:0005524 : ATP binding ( <a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005524">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005524</a> )			
GO:0000287 : magnesium ion binding			
( <a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0000287">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0000287</a> )			
GO:0016787 : hydrolase activity ( <a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016787">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016787</a> )			

GO:0016887 : ATPase activity (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016887>)

GO:0008568 : microtubule-severing ATPase activity (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0008568>)

GO - Biological Process

GO:0043066 : negative regulation of apoptotic process (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0043066>)

GO:0001649 : osteoblast differentiation (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0001649>)

GO:0051726 : regulation of cell cycle (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0051726>)

GO:0046034 : ATP metabolic process (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0046034>)

GO:0071479 : cellular response to ionizing radiation (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0071479>)

GO:0031122 : cytoplasmic microtubule organization (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0031122>)

GO:0007140 : male meiotic nuclear division (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007140>)

GO:2001243 : negative regulation of intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:2001243>)

GO:0033687 : osteoblast proliferation (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0033687>)

GO:0010569 : regulation of double-strand break repair via homologous recombination (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0010569>)

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0005737 : cytoplasm (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005737>)

GO:0005634 : nucleus (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005634>)

GO:0048471 : perinuclear region of cytoplasm (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0048471>)

GO:0000228 : nuclear chromosome (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0000228>)

Presumptive Null

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive+Null=~No~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Type

Unknown (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular+Type=~Unknown~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Aberration Type

Unknown (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration+Type=~Unknown~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Details of the Mutation

Several non-synonymous SNPs and an alternative splicing encoding a truncated isoform that may act as a competitor of the full length protein in the degradation process

Experimental Evidence

Linkage Mapping (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental+Evidence=~Linkage+Mapping~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Main Reference

Fidgetin-like1 is a strong candidate for a dynamic impairment of male meiosis leading to reduced testis weight in mice. (2011) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22110678>)

Authors

L'HÃte D; Vatin M; Auer J; Castille J; Passet B; Montagutelli X; Serres C; Vaiman D

Abstract

In a previous work, using an interspecific recombinant congenic mouse model, we reported a genomic region of 23 Mb on mouse chromosome 11 implicated in testis weight decrease and moderate teratozoospermia (~20-30%), a Quantitative Trait Locus (QTL) called Ltw1. The objective of the present study is to identify the gene underlying this phenotype.

In the present study, we refined the QTL position to a 5 Mb fragment encompassing only 11 genes. We showed that the low testis weight phenotype was due to kinetic alterations occurring during the first wave of the spermatogenesis where we could point out to an abnormal lengthening of spermatocyte prophase. We identify Fidgetin-like 1 (Fignl1) as the gene underlying the phenotype, since it fulfilled both the physiological and molecular characteristics required. Indeed, amongst the 11 positional candidates it is the only gene that is expressed during meiosis at the spermatocyte stage, and that presents with non-synonymous coding variations differentiating the two mouse strains at the origin of the cross.

This work prompted us to propose Fignl1 as a novel actor in mammal's male meiosis dynamics which has fundamental interest. Besides, this gene is a new potential candidate for human infertilities caused by teratozoospermia and blockades of spermatogenesis. In addition this study demonstrates that interspecific models may be useful for understanding complex quantitative traits.

Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

No matches found.

Related Haplotypes

No matches found.

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS

@Splicing the causal mutation generating the new splicing is not described

