

## GEPHE SUMMARY

<p>SLY41 (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene+Gephebase=^SLY41^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene+Gephebase=^SLY41^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p> <p>Published</p>	<p>Gephebase Gene</p> <p>Entry Status</p>	<p>GP00001712</p> <p>Noor</p>	<p>GepheID</p> <p>Main curator</p>
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## PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

<p>Physiology (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait+Category=^Physiology^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait+Category=^Physiology^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>		<p>Trait Category</p>		
<p>Low-glucose adaptation (experimental evolution) (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Low-glucose+adaptation+(experimental+evolution)^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Low-glucose+adaptation+(experimental+evolution)^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>		<p>Trait</p>		
<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</p>		<p>Trait State in Taxon A</p>		
<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</p>		<p>Trait State in Taxon B</p>		
<p>Taxon A</p>		<p>Ancestral State</p>		
<p>Experimental Evolution (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic+Status=^Experimental+Evolution^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic+Status=^Experimental+Evolution^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>		<p>Taxonomic Status</p>		
<p>Taxon A</p>	<p>Latin Name</p>	<p>Taxon B</p>	<p>Latin Name</p>	
<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>	<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>	<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>	<p>Saccharomyces cerevisiae (<a href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=^Saccharomyces+cerevisiae^#gephebase-summary-title</a>)</p>	
<p>baker's yeast</p>	<p>baker's yeast</p>	<p>baker's yeast</p>	<p>baker's yeast</p>	
<p>Saccharomyces capensis; Saccharomyces italicus; Saccharomyces oviformis; Saccharomyces uvarum var. melibiosus; baker's yeast; S. cerevisiae; brewer's yeast; ATCC 18824; ATCC:18824; CBS 1171; CBS:1171; NRRL Y-12632; NRRL:Y:12632; Saccharomyces cerevisiae; Saccharomyce cerevisiae; Saccharomyes cerevisiae; Sccharomyces cerevisiae</p>		<p>Saccharomyces capensis; Saccharomyces italicus; Saccharomyces oviformis; Saccharomyces uvarum var. melibiosus; baker's yeast; S. cerevisiae; brewer's yeast; ATCC 18824; ATCC:18824; CBS 1171; CBS:1171; NRRL Y-12632; NRRL:Y:12632; Saccaromyces cerevisiae; Saccharomyce cerevisiae; Saccharomyes cerevisiae; Sccharomyces cerevisiae</p>		<p>Saccharomyces capensis; Saccharomyces italicus; Saccharomyces oviformis; Saccharomyces uvarum var. melibiosus; baker's yeast; S. cerevisiae; brewer's yeast; ATCC 18824; ATCC:18824; CBS 1171; CBS:1171; NRRL Y-12632; NRRL:Y:12632; Saccaromyces cerevisiae; Saccharomyce cerevisiae; Saccharomyes cerevisiae; Sccharomyces cerevisiae</p>
<p>species</p>	<p>species</p>	<p>species</p>	<p>species</p>	
<p>cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Fungi; Dikarya; Ascomycota; saccharomyceta; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes; Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomyces</p>		<p>cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Fungi; Dikarya; Ascomycota; saccharomyceta; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes; Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomyces</p>		<p>cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Fungi; Dikarya; Ascomycota; saccharomyceta; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes; Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomyces</p>
<p>Saccharomyces () - (Rank: genus) (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>		<p>Saccharomyces () - (Rank: genus) (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>		<p>Saccharomyces () - (Rank: genus) (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>
<p>4932 (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>		<p>4932 (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>		<p>4932 (<a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4932</a>)</p>
<p>No</p>		<p>is Taxon A an Intraspecies?</p>		<p>No</p>
<p>No</p>		<p>is Taxon B an Intraspecies?</p>		<p>No</p>

## GENOTYPIC CHANGE

<p>SLY41</p>	<p>Generic Gene Name</p>	<p>UniProtKB Saccharomyces cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) P22215 (<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P22215">http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P22215</a>)</p>	
<p>YOR307C; O5663</p>	<p>Synonyms</p>	<p>GenebankID or UniProtKB</p>	
<p>4932.YOR307C (<a href="http://string-db.org/newstring.cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=4932.YOR307C">http://string-db.org/newstring.cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=4932.YOR307C</a>)</p>	<p>String</p>	<p>0</p>	
<p>Belongs to the TPT transporter family.</p>		<p>Sequence Similarities</p>	
<p>GO - Molecular Function</p>			
<p>GO:0015297 : antiporter activity (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0015297">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0015297</a>)</p>			
<p>GO:0022857 : transmembrane transporter activity (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0022857">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0022857</a>)</p>			
<p>GO:0089721 : phosphoenolpyruvate transmembrane transporter activity (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0089721">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0089721</a>)</p>			

GO - Biological Process

GO:0006888 : ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport  
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0006888>)

GO:1990536 : phosphoenolpyruvate transmembrane import into Golgi lumen  
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:1990536>)

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0016021 : integral component of membrane  
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016021>)

GO:0005794 : Golgi apparatus (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005794>)

GO:0005783 : endoplasmic reticulum  
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005783>)

Presumptive Null

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null=^No^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Type

Coding (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=^Coding^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Aberration Type

SNP (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=^SNP^#gephebase-summary-title>)

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

Trp253Leu (G>T at position 893332 according to Table 1)

Experimental Evidence

Association Mapping (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=^Association Mapping^#gephebase-summary-title>)

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	TGG	TTG	893332
Amino-acid	Trp	Leu	253

Main Reference

Molecular characterization of clonal interference during adaptive evolution in asexual populations of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. (2008) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/19029899>)

Authors

Kao KC; Sherlock G

Abstract

The classical model of adaptive evolution in an asexual population postulates that each adaptive clone is derived from the one preceding it. However, experimental evidence has suggested more complex dynamics, with theory predicting the fixation probability of a beneficial mutation as dependent on the mutation rate, population size and the mutation's selection coefficient. Clonal interference has been demonstrated in viruses and bacteria but not in a eukaryote, and a detailed molecular characterization is lacking. Here we use three different fluorescent markers to visualize the dynamics of asexually evolving yeast populations. For each adaptive clone within one of our evolving populations, we identified the underlying mutations, monitored their population frequencies and used microarrays to characterize changes in the transcriptome. These results represent the most detailed molecular characterization of experimental evolution to date and provide direct experimental evidence supporting both the clonal interference and the multiple mutation models.

Additional References

Reciprocal sign epistasis between frequently experimentally evolved adaptive mutations causes a rugged fitness landscape. (2011) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21552329>)

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

12 (COX18, HXT6/7, IRA1, MDS3, MKT1, MNN4, MTH1, MUK1, RAS1, RAS2, RIM15, TAF5) (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon ID=^4932^/and+Trait=Low-glucose adaptation/and+groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title>)

Related Haplotypes

No matches found.

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS