

GEPHE SUMMARY

Published	Gephebase Gene	GP00001758	GepheID
	Entry Status	Courtier	Main curator

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

Physiology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene Category="Physiology">#gephebase-summary-title)	Trait Category
Bioluminescence spectrum (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait criteria?/and+Trait="Bioluminescence spectrum">#gephebase-summary-title)	Trait
Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus - YG allele - yellow-green	Trait State in Taxon A
Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus - GR allele - green	Trait State in Taxon B
Data not curated	Ancestral State
Intraspecific (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic Status="Intraspecific">#gephebase-summary-title)	Taxonomic Status

Taxon A	Latin Name	Taxon B	Latin Name
Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus (#gephebase-summary-title)		Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus (#gephebase-summary-title)	
-	Common Name	-	Common Name
Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus	Synonyms	Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus	Synonyms
species	Rank	species	Rank
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Coleoptera; Polyphaga; Elateriformia; Elateroidea; Elateridae; Agrypninae; Pyrophorus	Lineage	cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Coleoptera; Polyphaga; Elateriformia; Elateroidea; Elateridae; Agrypninae; Pyrophorus	Lineage
Pyrophorus () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30010)	Parent	Pyrophorus () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30010)	Parent
30011 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30011)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	30011 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30011)	NCBI Taxonomy ID
Yes	is Taxon A an Infraspecies?	Yes	is Taxon B an Infraspecies?
Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus - YG allele	Taxon A Description	Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus - GR allele	Taxon B Description

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

Belongs to the ATP-dependent AMP-binding enzyme family.	Generic Gene Name	UniProtKB Photinus pyralis
	Synonyms	GenebankID or UniProtKB
	String	
	Sequence Similarities	
GO:0005524 : ATP binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005524) GO:0046872 : metal ion binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0046872) GO:0051087 : chaperone binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0051087) GO:0047077 : Photinus-luciferin 4-monooxygenase (ATP-hydrolyzing) activity (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0047077)	GO - Molecular Function	
	GO - Biological Process	
GO:0008218 : bioluminescence (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0008218)		

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0005777 : peroxisome (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005777>)

Presumptive Null

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive+Null=%22No%22#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Type

Coding (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular+Type=%22Coding%22#gephebase-summary-title>)

Aberration Type

SNP (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration+Type=%22SNP%22#gephebase-summary-title>)

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

exact causing amino acid change(s) unknown

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental+Evidence=%22Candidate+Gene%22#gephebase-summary-title>)

Taxon A

Taxon B

Position

Codon

-

-

-

Amino-acid

-

-

-

Main Reference

Darwinian natural selection for orange bioluminescent color in a Jamaican click beetle. (2003) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/14623957>)

Authors

Stolz U; Velez S; Wood KV; Wood M; Feder JL

Abstract

The Jamaican click beetle *Pyrophorus plagiophthalmus* (Coleoptera: Elateridae) is unique among all bioluminescent organisms in displaying a striking light color polymorphism [Biggley, W. H., Lloyd, J. E. & Seliger, H. H. (1967) *J. Gen. Physiol.* 50, 1681-1692]. Beetles on the island vary in the color of their ventral light organs from yellow-green to orange and their dorsal organs from green to yellow-green. The genetic basis for the color variation involves specific amino acid substitutions in the enzyme luciferase. Here, we show that dorsal and ventral light color in *P. plagiophthalmus* are under separate genetic control, we resolve the allelic basis for color variation, and, through analyses of luciferase sequence variation, we demonstrate that natural selection has produced a long-term adaptive trend for longer wavelength (more orange) ventral light on Jamaica. Our results constitute a novel example connecting the selective fixation of specific nucleotides in nature to their precisely determined phenotypic effects. We also present evidence suggesting that a recently derived ventral orange luciferase allele on the island has deterministically increased in frequency. Thus, the current luciferase polymorphism for *P. plagiophthalmus* appears to be mirroring the long-term anagenetic trend on Jamaica, revealing a possible ongoing adaptive color transition in progress.

Additional References

Complementary DNA coding click beetle luciferases can elicit bioluminescence of different colors. (1989) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/2655091>)Luc genes: introduction of colour into bioluminescence assays. (1990 Apr-Jun) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/2336971>)

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

No matches found.

Related Haplotypes

3 (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene+Gephebase=%22luciferase%22/and+Taxon+ID=%2230011%22/or+Gene+Gephebase=%22luciferase%22/and+Taxon+ID=%2230011%22#gephebase-summary-title>)

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS