

GEPHE SUMMARY

	Gephebase Gene	GephelD
MYB1 (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+GeneGephebase=%MYB1%#gephebase-summary-title)	GP00002089	Main curator
Published	Entry Status	Courtier

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

Morphology (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+TraitCategory=%Morphology%#gephebase-summary-title>)

Trait Category

Trait

Coloration (flowers; seeds; stems) ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=%Coloration+\(flowers;+seeds;+stems\)%#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=%Coloration+(flowers;+seeds;+stems)%#gephebase-summary-title))

Trait State in Taxon A

Ipomoea nil - bright blue flowers with colored stems and dark-brown seeds

Trait State in Taxon B

Ipomoea nil - recessive c-1 mutant - white flowers with red stems and colored seeds

Ancestral State

Taxon A

Taxonomic Status

Domesticated (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+TaxonomicStatus=%Domesticated%#gephebase-summary-title>)

Taxon A

Latin Name

Ipomoea nil
(<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=%Ipomoeanil%#gephebase-summary-title>)

Common Name

Japanese morning glory

Synonyms

Convolvulus nil; Pharbitis nil; Japanese morning glory; qian niu; Convolvulus nil L., 1762;
Ipomoea nil (L.) Roth, 1797; Pharbitis nil (L.) Choisy, 1834

Rank

species

Lineage

cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Streptophytina; Embryophyta;
Tracheophyta; Euphyllophyta; Spermatophyta; Magnoliopsida; Mesangiospermae;
eudicotyledons; Gunneridae; Pentapetalae; asterids; lamiids; Solanales; Convolvulaceae;
Ipomoeae; Ipomoea

Parent

Ipomoea () - (Rank: genus)
(<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4119>)

NCBI Taxonomy ID

35883
(<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=35883>)

is Taxon A an Infraspecies?

No

Taxon B

Latin Name

Ipomoea nil
(<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon+and+Synonyms=%Ipomoennil%#gephebase-summary-title>)

Common Name

Japanese morning glory

Synonyms

Convolvulus nil; Pharbitis nil; Japanese morning glory; qian niu; Convolvulus nil L., 1762;
Ipomoea nil (L.) Roth, 1797; Pharbitis nil (L.) Choisy, 1834

Rank

species

Lineage

cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Streptophytina; Embryophyta;
Tracheophyta; Euphyllophyta; Spermatophyta; Magnoliopsida; Mesangiospermae;
eudicotyledons; Gunneridae; Pentapetalae; asterids; lamiids; Solanales; Convolvulaceae;
Ipomoeae; Ipomoea

Parent

Ipomoea () - (Rank: genus)
(<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=4119>)

NCBI Taxonomy ID

35883
(<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=35883>)

is Taxon B an Infraspecies?

No

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

myb1

Generic Gene Name

UniProtKB Ipomoea purpurea

-

Synonyms

GenebankID or UniProtKB

-

0

String

-

Sequence Similarities

-

GO - Molecular Function

GO:0003677 : DNA binding (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0003677>)

GO - Biological Process

-

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0005634 : nucleus (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005634>)

Yes (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive+Null=%Yes%#gephebase-summary-title>)

Presumptive Null

-

Molecular Type

Coding ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=%27Coding%27#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular%20Type=%27Coding%27#gephebase-summary-title))

Aberration Type

Deletion ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=%27Deletion%27#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration%20Type=%27Deletion%27#gephebase-summary-title))

Deletion Size

1-9 bp

Molecular Details of the Mutation

frameshift mutation caused by a 2 bp deletion

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=%27Candidate Gene%27#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental%20Evidence=%27Candidate%20Gene%27#gephebase-summary-title))

Main Reference

Isolation of cDNAs for R2R3-MYB, bHLH and WDR transcriptional regulators and identification of c and ca mutations conferring white flowers in the Japanese morning glory. (2006) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16446312/>)

Authors

Morita Y; Saitoh M; Hoshino A; Nitasaka E; Iida S

Abstract

The transcriptional regulators for anthocyanin biosynthesis include members of proteins containing an R2R3-MYB domain, a bHLH (basic helix-loop-helix) domain and conserved WD40 repeats (WDRs). Spacial and temporal expression of the structural genes encoding the enzymes for anthocyanin biosynthesis is thought to be determined by combinations of the R2R3-MYB, bHLH and WDR factors and their interactions. While the wild-type Japanese morning glory (*Ipomoea nil*) exhibits blue flowers with colored stems and dark-brown seeds, the c mutants display white flowers with red stems and colored seeds, and the ca mutants exhibit white flowers with green stems and ivory seeds. Here, we characterize the tissue-specific expression of three MYB genes, three bHLH genes and two WDR genes in *I. nil*. We also show that the recessive c-1 and ca alleles are frameshift mutations caused by a 2 bp deletion and 7 bp insertions in the genes for the R2R3-MYB and WDR transcriptional regulators designated as InMYB1 and InWDR1, respectively. In addition to defects in flower, stem and seed pigmentation, the ca mutants were found to show reduced trichome formation in seeds but to produce leaf and stem trichomes and root hairs normally. Except for the gene for chalcone synthase E in the ca mutant, all structural genes tested were coordinately reduced in both c-1 and ca mutant flower limbs. However, slight but significant expression of the genes for chalcone synthase D, chalcone isomerase and flavanone 3-hydroxylase in the pathway for flavonol biosynthesis was detectable in c-1 and ca mutants, whereas no such residual expression could be observed in other genes involved in the later anthocyanin biosynthesis pathway. The biological roles of the C-1 and Ca genes in *I. nil* epidermal traits and their evolutionary implications are also discussed.

Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

2 (flavonoid 3'-hydroxylase (F3'H), WDR1) ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon ID=%2735883%27/and+Trait=Coloration/and+groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon%20ID=%2735883%27/and+Trait=Coloration/and+groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title))

Related Haplotypes

No matches found.

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS

MYB1 is also named R2R3-MYB and is closely related to the petunia (*Petunia hybrida*) AN2 gene.