

GEPHE SUMMARY

	Gephebase Gene	GephelD
para (kdr) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene Gephebase='para (kdr)'#gephebase-summary-title)	GP00002488	
	Entry Status	Main curator
Published	Courtier	

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

	Trait Category	
Physiology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait Category='Physiology'#gephebase-summary-title)	Trait	
Xenobiotic resistance (insecticide) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait='Xenobiotic resistance (insecticide)'#gephebase-summary-title)	Trait State in Taxon A	
Aedes aegypti	Trait State in Taxon B	
Aedes aegypti - resistant from America and Brazil	Ancestral State	
Taxon A	Taxonomic Status	
Intraspecific (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic Status='Intraspecific'#gephebase-summary-title)		
Taxon A	Latin Name	Latin Name
Aedes aegypti (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms='Aedes aegypti'#gephebase-summary-title)		
yellow fever mosquito	Common Name	
Stegomyia aegypti; yellow fever mosquito; Aedes aegypti (Linnaeus, 1762)	Synonyms	
species	Rank	
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Diptera; Nematocera; Culicomorpha; Culicoidea; Culicidae; Culicinae; Aedini; Aedes; Stegomyia	Lineage	
Stegomyia () - (Rank: subgenus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 53541)	Parent	
7159 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 7159)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	
No	is Taxon A an Infraspecies?	
Taxon B	Latin Name	Latin Name
Aedes aegypti (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms='Aedes aegypti'#gephebase-summary-title)		
yellow fever mosquito	Common Name	
Stegomyia aegypti; yellow fever mosquito; Aedes aegypti (Linnaeus, 1762)	Synonyms	
species	Rank	
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Diptera; Nematocera; Culicomorpha; Culicoidea; Culicidae; Culicinae; Aedini; Aedes; Stegomyia	Lineage	
Stegomyia () - (Rank: subgenus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 53541)	Parent	
7159 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 7159)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	
No	is Taxon B an Infraspecies?	

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

	Generic Gene Name		
para	Synonyms	UniProtKB Drosophila melanogaster	
bas; bss; CG9907; Dmel\CG9907; DmNav; DmNav1; DmNa[[v]]; DmNa[[V]]; DmNa[[v]]1; l(1)14Da; l(1)ESHS48; lincRNA.S9469; Nav1; Ocd; olfD; par; sbl; sbl-1; Shu; Shudderer	String	P35500 (http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P35500)	GenebankID or UniProtKB
7227.FBpp0303597 (http://string-db.org/newstring_cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier= 7227.FBpp0303597)	Sequence Similarities	0	
Belongs to the sodium channel (TC 1.A.1.10) family. Para subfamily.	GO - Molecular Function		
GO:0005509 : calcium ion binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005509)			
GO:0005244 : voltage-gated ion channel activity (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005244)			
GO:0005248 : voltage-gated sodium channel activity (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005248)			
GO:0005272 : sodium channel activity			

GO - Biological Process

GO:0045433 : male courtship behavior, veined wing generated song production
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0045433)
GO:0001666 : response to hypoxia (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0001666)
GO:0009612 : response to mechanical stimulus
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0009612)
GO:0034765 : regulation of ion transmembrane transport
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0034765)
GO:0035725 : sodium ion transmembrane transport
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0035725)
GO:0007638 : mechanosensory behavior
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007638)
GO:0060078 : regulation of postsynaptic membrane potential
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0060078)

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0005887 : integral component of plasma membrane
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005887)
GO:0001518 : voltage-gated sodium channel complex
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0001518)

Mutation #1

Presumptive Null

No (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Presumptive Null=^No^#gephebase-summary-title)

Molecular Type

Coding (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Molecular Type=^Coding^#gephebase-summary-title)

Aberration Type

SNP (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Aberration Type=^SNP^#gephebase-summary-title)

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

The 410L+1534C allele appears to have arisen by accumulation of the 410L mutation in an individual already having the 1534C allele or by a crossover event. The F1534C occurred independently in several populations of *Aedes aegypti*.

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Experimental Evidence=^Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title)

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	TCA	TGA	-
Amino-acid	Phe	Cys	1534

Main Reference

Detection of a new pyrethroid resistance mutation (V410L) in the sodium channel of *Aedes aegypti*: a potential challenge for mosquito control. (2017)
(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28422157)

Authors

Haddi K; Tomâo HVV; Du Y; Valbon WR; Nomura Y; Martins GF; Dong K; Oliveira EE

Abstract

The yellow fever mosquito, *Aedes aegypti*, particularly in Neotropical regions, is the principal vector of dengue, yellow fever, Zika and Chikungunya viruses. Pyrethroids remain one of the most used insecticides to control *Aedes* mosquitoes, despite the development of pyrethroid resistance in many mosquito populations worldwide. Here, we report a Brazilian strain of *A. aegypti* with high levels (approximately 100-60,000 fold) of resistance to both type I and type II pyrethroids. We detected two mutations (V410L and F1534C) in the sodium channel from this resistant strain. This study is the first report of the V410L mutation in mosquitoes. Alone or in combination with the F1534C mutation, the V410L mutation drastically reduced the sensitivity of mosquito sodium channels expressed in *Xenopus* oocytes to both type I and type II pyrethroids. The V410L mutation presents a serious challenge for the control of *A. aegypti* and will compromise the use of pyrethroids for the control of *A. aegypti* in Brazil; therefore, early monitoring of the frequency of the V410L mutation will be a key resistance management strategy to preserve the effectiveness of pyrethroid insecticides.

Additional References

Evidence for both sequential mutations and recombination in the evolution of kdr alleles in *Aedes aegypti*. (2020) (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32302303)

Mutation #2

Presumptive Null

No (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Presumptive Null=^No^#gephebase-summary-title)

Molecular Type

Coding (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Molecular Type=^Coding^#gephebase-summary-title)

Aberration Type

SNP (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Aberration Type=^SNP^#gephebase-summary-title)

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

The 410L+1534C allele appears to have arisen by accumulation of the 410L mutation in an individual already having the 1534C allele or by a crossover event. The F1534C occurred independently in several populations of *Aedes aegypti*.

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Experimental Evidence=^Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title)

Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	-	-
Amino-acid	Val	Leu
		410
Detection of a new pyrethroid resistance mutation (V410L) in the sodium channel of <i>Aedes aegypti</i> : a potential challenge for mosquito control. (2017) (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28422157/)		Main Reference
Haddi K; Tomás HVV; Du Y; Valbon WR; Nomura Y; Martins GF; Dong K; Oliveira EE		Authors
The yellow fever mosquito, <i>Aedes aegypti</i> , particularly in Neotropical regions, is the principal vector of dengue, yellow fever, Zika and Chikungunya viruses. Pyrethroids remain one of the most used insecticides to control <i>Aedes</i> mosquitoes, despite the development of pyrethroid resistance in many mosquito populations worldwide. Here, we report a Brazilian strain of <i>A. aegypti</i> with high levels (approximately 100-60,000 fold) of resistance to both type I and type II pyrethroids. We detected two mutations (V410L and F1534C) in the sodium channel from this resistant strain. This study is the first report of the V410L mutation in mosquitoes. Alone or in combination with the F1534C mutation, the V410L mutation drastically reduced the sensitivity of mosquito sodium channels expressed in <i>Xenopus</i> oocytes to both type I and type II pyrethroids. The V410L mutation presents a serious challenge for the control of <i>A. aegypti</i> and will compromise the use of pyrethroids for the control of <i>A. aegypti</i> in Brazil; therefore, early monitoring of the frequency of the V410L mutation will be a key resistance management strategy to preserve the effectiveness of pyrethroid insecticides.	Abstract	
Evidence for both sequential mutations and recombination in the evolution of kdr alleles in <i>Aedes aegypti</i> . (2020) (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32302303/)		Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

4 (ABCB4, CYP9J26, CYP9M6, resistance to dieldrin) ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon ID=%7159%20and%20Trait=Xenobiotic resistance%20and%20groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon%20ID=%7159%20and%20Trait=Xenobiotic%20resistance%20and%20groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title))

Related Genes

7 ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene Gephebase=%7para \(kdr\)%20and%20Taxon ID=%7159%20/or+Gene Gephebase=%7para \(kdr\)%20and%20Taxon ID=%7159%23gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene%20Gephebase=%7para%20(kdr)%20and%20Taxon%20ID=%7159%20/or+Gene%20Gephebase=%7para%20(kdr)%20and%20Taxon%20ID=%7159%23gephebase-summary-title))

Related Haplotypes

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS