GEPHE SUMMARY

Gephebase Gene

ABCA2 (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene Gephebase=^ABCA2^#gephebase-summary-title)

GepheID

GP00000003

Entry Status

Published

Main curator

Martin

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

Trait Category

Physiology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait Category=^Physiology^#gephebase-summary-title)

Trait

Xenobiotic resistance (insecticide; Bt Cry2Ab toxin) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Xenobiotic resistance (insecticide; Bt Cry2Ab toxin)^#gephebase-summary-title)

Trait State in Taxon A

Helicoverpa armigera - Bt-Cry2Ab susceptible

Trait State in Taxon B

Helicoverpa armigera - Bt-Cry2Ab resistant

Ancestral State

Taxon A

Taxonomic Status

Intraspecific (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic Status=^Intraspecific^#gephebase-summary-title)

Taxon A

Latin Name

Helicoverpa armigera (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=^Helicoverpa armigera^#gephebase-summary-title)

Common Name

cotton bollworm

Synonyms

Heliothis (Helicoverpa) armigera; Heliothis armigera; cotton bollworm; American bollworm; corn ear worm; scarce bordered straw; tobacco budworm; Helicoverpa armigera (Hubner, 1808)

Rank

species

Lineage

cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Amphiesmenoptera; Lepidoptera; Glossata; Neolepidoptera; Heteroneura; Ditrysia; Obtectomera; Noctuoidea; Noctuidae; Heliothinae; Helicoverpa

Parent

Helicoverpa () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 7112)

NCBI Taxonomy ID

29058 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 29058)

is Taxon A an Infraspecies?

No

Taxon B

Latin Name

Helicoverpa armigera (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=^Helicoverpa armigera^#gephebase-summary-title)

Common Name

cotton bollworm

Synonyms

Heliothis (Helicoverpa) armigera; Heliothis armigera; cotton bollworm; American bollworm; corn ear worm; scarce bordered straw; tobacco budworm; Helicoverpa armigera (Hubner, 1808)

Rank

species

Lineage

cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Protostomia; Ecdysozoa; Panarthropoda; Arthropoda; Mandibulata; Pancrustacea; Hexapoda; Insecta; Dicondylia; Pterygota; Neoptera; Holometabola; Amphiesmenoptera; Lepidoptera; Glossata; Neolepidoptera; Heteroneura; Ditrysia; Obtectomera; Noctuoidea; Noctuidae; Heliothinae; Helicoverpa

Parent

Helicoverpa () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 7112)

NCBI Taxonomy ID

29058 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 29058)

is Taxon B an Infraspecies?

No

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

Generic Gene Name

ABCA2

Synonyms

-

String

-

Sequence Similarities

-

GO - Molecular Function

GO:0005524 : ATP binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005524)
GO:0042626 : ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement of substances (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0042626)

GO - Biological Process

-

UniProtKB Helicoverpa armigera

A0A0S0G7V0 (http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/A0A0S0G7V0)

GenebankID or UniProtKB

()

GO - Cellular Component

GO:0016021 : integral component of membrane
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016021)

Presumptive Null

Yes (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null=^Yes^#gephebase-summary-title)

Molecular Type

Coding (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=^Coding^#gephebase-summary-title)

Aberration Type

Deletion (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=^Deletion^#gephebase-summary-title)

Deletion Size

1-9 bp

Molecular Details of the Mutation

5bp deletion inducing a frameshift

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=^Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title)

Main Reference

Insect Resistance to Bacillus thuringiensis Toxin Cry2Ab Is Conferred by Mutations in an ABC Transporter Subfamily A Protein. (2015) (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26583651)

Authors

Tay WT; Mahon RJ; Heckel DG; Walsh TK; Downes S; James WJ; Lee SF; Reineke A; Williams AK; Gordon KH

Abstract

The use of conventional chemical insecticides and bacterial toxins to control lepidopteran pests of global agriculture has imposed significant selection pressure leading to the rapid evolution of insecticide resistance. Transgenic crops (e.g., cotton) expressing the Bt Cry toxins are now used world wide to control these pests, including the highly polyphagous and invasive cotton bollworm Helicoverpa armigera. Since 2004, the Cry2Ab toxin has become widely used for controlling H. armigera, often used in combination with Cry1Ac to delay resistance evolution. Isolation of H. armigera and H. punctigera individuals heterozygous for Cry2Ab resistance in 2002 and 2004, respectively, allowed aspects of Cry2Ab resistance (level, fitness costs, genetic dominance, complementation tests) to be characterised in both species. However, the gene identity and genetic changes conferring this resistance were unknown, as was the detailed Cry2Ab mode of action. No cross-resistance to Cry1Ac was observed in mutant lines. Biphasic linkage analysis of a Cry2Ab-resistant H. armigera family followed by exon-primed intron-crossing (EPIC) marker mapping and candidate gene sequencing identified three independent resistance-associated INDEL mutations in an ATP-Binding Cassette (ABC) transporter gene we named HaABCA2. A deletion mutation was also identified in the H. punctigera homolog from the resistant line. All mutations truncate the ABCA2 protein. Isolation of further Cry2Ab resistance alleles in the same gene from field H. armigera populations indicates unequal resistance allele frequencies and the potential for Bt resistance evolution. Identification of the gene involved in resistance as an ABC transporter of the A subfamily adds to the body of evidence on the crucial role this gene family plays in the mode of action of the Bt Cry toxins. The structural differences between the ABCA2, and that of the C subfamily required for Cry1Ac toxicity, indicate differences in the detailed mode-of-action of the two Bt Cry toxins.

Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

6 (Aminopeptidase N (APN), cadherin, CYP337B3, Ha_BtR, para (kdr), tetraspanin) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon ID=^29058^/and+Trait=Xenobiotic resistance/and+groupHaplotypes=true#gephebase-summary-title)

Related Haplotypes

2 (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene Gephebase=^ABCA2^/and+Taxon ID=^29058^/or+Gene Gephebase=^ABCA2^/and+Taxon ID=^29058^#gephebase-summary-title)

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS

Parallelism - intraspecific and interspecific