

GEPHE SUMMARY

	Gephebase Gene	Gephebase Gene	GephelD
Frigida (FRI) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Gene Gephebase=%Frigida (FRI)%#gephebase-summary-title)	GP00000364		Main curator
	Entry Status	Martin	
Published			

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

	Trait Category		
Physiology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Trait Category=%Physiology%#gephebase-summary-title)		Trait	
Flowering time (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Trait=%Flowering time%#gephebase-summary-title)		Trait State in Taxon A	
Arabidopsis thaliana		Trait State in Taxon B	
Arabidopsis thaliana VOU		Ancestral State	
Data not curated		Taxonomic Status	
Intraspecific (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Taxonomic Status=%Intraspecific%#gephebase-summary-title)			
Taxon A		Taxon B	
Arabidopsis thaliana (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Taxon and Synonyms=%Arabidopsis thaliana%#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name	Arabidopsis thaliana (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria/?and+Taxon and Synonyms=%Arabidopsis thaliana%#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name
thale cress	Common Name	thale cress	Common Name
thale cress; mouse-ear cress; thale-cress; Arabidopsis thaliana (L.) Heynh.; Arabidopsis thaliana (thale cress); Arabidopsis_thaliana; Arbisopsis thaliana; thale kress	Synonyms	thale cress; mouse-ear cress; thale-cress; Arabidopsis thaliana (L.) Heynh.; Arabidopsis thaliana (thale cress); Arabidopsis_thaliana; Arbisopsis thaliana; thale kress	Synonyms
species	Rank	species	Rank
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Viriplantae; Streptophyta; Streptophytina; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta; Euphylophyta; Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Mesangiospermae; eudicotyledons; Gunneridae; Pentapetalae; rosids; malvids; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Camelinae; Arabidopsis	Lineage	cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Viriplantae; Streptophyta; Streptophytina; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta; Euphylophyta; Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Mesangiospermae; eudicotyledons; Gunneridae; Pentapetalae; rosids; malvids; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Camelinae; Arabidopsis	Lineage
Arabidopsis () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 3701)	Parent	Arabidopsis () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 3701)	Parent
3702 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 3702)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	3702 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 3702)	NCBI Taxonomy ID
No	is Taxon A an Infraspecies?	Yes	is Taxon B an Infraspecies?
		Arabidopsis thaliana VOU	Taxon B Description

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

FRI	Generic Gene Name	UniProtKB Arabidopsis thaliana
-	Synonyms	GenebankID or UniProtKB
-	String	
Belongs to the Frigida family.	Sequence Similarities	
-	GO - Molecular Function	
	GO - Biological Process	
GO:0030154 : cell differentiation (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0030154)		
GO:0009908 : flower development (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0009908)		
GO:0016607 : nuclear speck (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0016607)	GO - Cellular Component	

Yes (#gephebase-summary-title)	Presumptive Null
Coding (#gephebase-summary-title)	Molecular Type
SNP (#gephebase-summary-title)	Aberration Type
Nonsense	SNP Coding Change
Glu361*	Molecular Details of the Mutation
Candidate Gene (#gephebase-summary-title)	Experimental Evidence

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	-	-	-
Amino-acid	-	-	-

DNA polymorphism at the FRIGIDA gene in *Arabidopsis thaliana*: extensive nonsynonymous variation is consistent with local selection for flowering time. (2002) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12140238>)

Le Corre V; Roux F; Reboud X

FRIGIDA (FRI) is a major gene involved in the regulation of flowering time in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. Nucleotide variation at this gene was investigated by sequencing 25 field ecotypes collected from western Europe. Genetic diversity at FRI was characterized by a high number of haplotypes and an excess of low-frequency polymorphisms. A large excess of intraspecific nonsynonymous variation associated with low synonymous variation was detected along the first exon in the FRI gene. In contrast, no excess of nonsynonymous divergence was detected between *A. thaliana* and *A. lyrata*. The Tajima and McDonald and Kreitman tests, however, suggested that this gene has evolved in a nonneutral fashion. Nonsynonymous variation included eight loss-of-function mutations that have probably arisen recently and independently in several locations. A phenotypic evaluation of the sequenced ecotypes confirmed that these loss-of-function mutations were associated with an early-flowering phenotype. Taken together, our results suggest that DNA polymorphism at the FRI gene in *A. thaliana* from western Europe has been shaped by recent positive selection for earliness in a set of isolated populations.

[Additional References](#)

RELATED GEPHE

12 (AGAMOUS-LIKE 50, Cryptochrome 2 (CRY2) EDI allele, EARLY FLOWERING 3(ELF3), FLC (Flowering Locus C), FLM (MAF1), Flowering locus T (FT), Frigida like 1 (FRL1), Frigida like 2 (FRL2), MADS AFFECTING FLOWERING 2 (MAF2), SVP (SHORT VEGETATIVE PHASE), VIN3, HUA2) ([#gephebase-summary-title\)](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Taxon ID=^3702^/and+Trait=Flowering time/and+groupHaplotypes=true)

[Related Genes](#)

18 ([#gephebase-summary-title\)](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene Gephebase=^Frigida (FRI)^/and+Taxon ID=^3702^/or+Gene Gephebase=^Frigida (FRI)^/and+Taxon ID=^3702^)

[Related Haplotypes](#)

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS