

GEPHE SUMMARY

MC1R (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+GeneGephebase=^MC1R^#gephebase-summary-title)	Gephebase Gene	GP00000596	GepheID
	Entry Status	Martin	Main curator
	Published		

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

Morphology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+TraitCategory=^Morphology^#gephebase-summary-title)	Trait Category	
	Trait	
	Coloration (coat) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=^Coloration(coat)^#gephebase-summary-title)	
Sciurus carolinensis	Trait State in Taxon A	
	Trait State in Taxon B	
	Ancestral State	
Taxon A	Taxonomic Status	
	Intraspecific (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+TaxonomicStatus=^Intraspecific^#gephebase-summary-title)	

Taxon A #1		Taxon B #1	
Sciurus carolinensis (#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name	Sciurus carolinensis (#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name
gray squirrel	Common Name	gray squirrel	Common Name
gray squirrel; eastern gray squirrel; Sciurus carolinensis Gmelin, 1788; Sciurus carolinensus	Synonyms	gray squirrel; eastern gray squirrel; Sciurus carolinensis Gmelin, 1788; Sciurus carolinensus	Synonyms
species	Rank	species	Rank
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciuromorpha; Sciuridae; Sciurinae; Sciurini; Sciurus	Lineage	cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciuromorpha; Sciuridae; Sciurinae; Sciurini; Sciurus	Lineage
Sciurus () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=10001)	Parent	Sciurus () - (Rank: genus) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=10001)	Parent
30640 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30640)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	30640 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=30640)	NCBI Taxonomy ID
is Taxon A an Intraspecies?		is Taxon B an Intraspecies?	
No		No	

Taxon A #2		Taxon B #2	
Sciurus niger (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=~Sciurus niger~#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name	Sciurus niger (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and Synonyms=~Sciurus niger~#gephebase-summary-title)	Latin Name
	Common Name		Common Name
	Synonyms		Synonyms
	Rank		Rank
	Lineage		Lineage
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciuromorpha; Sciuridae; Sciurinae; Sciurini; Sciurus		cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciuromorpha; Sciuridae; Sciurinae; Sciurini; Sciurus	
Sciurus () - (Rank: genus)	Parent	Sciurus () - (Rank: genus)	Parent
(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10001)		(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 10001)	

NCBI Taxonomy ID

34861
([https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 34861](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=34861))
is Taxon A an Intraspecies?

No

NCBI Taxonomy ID

34861
([https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id= 34861](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=34861))
is Taxon B an Intraspecies?

No

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

MC1R

CMM5; MSH-R; SHEP2; MSHR

9606.ENSPO0000451605
(http://string-db.org/newstring.cgi/show_network_section.pl?identifier=9606.ENSPO0000451605)

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

GO:0008528 : G protein-coupled peptide receptor activity
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0008528>)
GO:0004977 : melanocortin receptor activity
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0004977>)
GO:0004980 : melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor activity
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0004980>)
GO:0031625 : ubiquitin protein ligase binding
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0031625>)

GO:0007275 : multicellular organism development
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007275>)
GO:0045944 : positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0045944>)
GO:0042438 : melanin biosynthetic process
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0042438>)
GO:0043473 : pigmentation (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0043473>)
GO:0007186 : G protein-coupled receptor signaling pathway
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007186>)
GO:0051897 : positive regulation of protein kinase B signaling
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0051897>)
GO:0019233 : sensory perception of pain
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0019233>)
GO:0007189 : adenylate cyclase-activating G protein-coupled receptor signaling pathway
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007189>)
GO:0035556 : intracellular signal transduction
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0035556>)
GO:0007187 : G protein-coupled receptor signaling pathway, coupled to cyclic nucleotide second messenger (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0007187>)
GO:0032720 : negative regulation of tumor necrosis factor production
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0032720>)
GO:0010739 : positive regulation of protein kinase A signaling
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0010739>)
GO:0090037 : positive regulation of protein kinase C signaling
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0090037>)
GO:0009650 : UV protection (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0009650>)
GO:0070914 : UV-damage excision repair
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0070914>)

GO:0005886 : plasma membrane (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005886>)
GO:0005887 : integral component of plasma membrane
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005887>)

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null=~No~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Coding (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=~Coding~#gephebase-summary-title>)

Deletion (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=~Deletion~#gephebase-summary-title>)

10-99 bp

Deletion of 8 a.a.

Candidate Gene (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=~Candidate Gene~#gephebase-summary-title>)

The genetic basis of melanism in the gray squirrel (*Sciurus carolinensis*). (2009 Nov-Dec) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/19643815>)

Generic Gene Name

Synonyms

String

Sequence Similarities

GO - Molecular Function

GO - Biological Process

GO - Cellular Component

UniProtKB Homo sapiens

GenebankID or UniProtKB

Presumptive Null

Molecular Type

Aberration Type

Deletion Size

Molecular Details of the Mutation

Experimental Evidence

Main Reference

Authors

The black squirrel is a melanic variant of the gray squirrel (*Sciurus carolinensis*). We found 3 coat color variants in the gray squirrel: the wild-type gray, a jet-black, and a brown-black phenotype. These 3 morphs are due to varying distributions of eumelanin and phaeomelanin pigment in hairs. The melanocortin 1 receptor (MC1R) plays a central role in regulating eumelanin and phaeomelanin production. We sequenced the MC1R gene for all 3 coat color phenotypes and found a 24 base-pair deletion. The gray phenotype was homozygous for the wild-type allele E(+), the jet-black phenotype was homozygous for the MC1R-Delta24 allele E(B), and the brown-black phenotype was heterozygous for the E(+) and E(B) alleles. We conclude that melanism in gray squirrels is associated with the MC1R-Delta24 E(B) allele at amino acid positions 87-94 and that this allele is incompletely dominant to the wild-type allele. We predict that the MC1R-Delta24 E(B) allele encodes a constitutively active or hyperactive receptor.

Additional References

Multiple origins of melanism in two species of North American tree squirrel (*Sciurus*). (2019) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31296164>)

RELATED GEPHE

No matches found.

Related Genes

No matches found.

Related Haplotypes

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS

@Introgression @Parallelism likely introgression between fox and gray squirrels