

GEPHE SUMMARY

ribonuclease 1B (RNase1B) (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Gene)	Gephebase Gene	GP00000988	GepheID
Gephebase="^ribonuclease 1B (RNase1B)^#gephebase-summary-title)			Main curator
Published	Entry Status	Courtier	

PHENOTYPIC CHANGE

Physiology (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait)	Trait Category		
Category="^Physiology^#gephebase-summary-title)			
Optimal enzymatic pH (<a ^optimal"="" href="https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait=">https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Trait="^Optimal)	Trait		
enzymatic pH^#gephebase-summary-title)			
Primate ancestor	Trait State in Taxon A		
Colobus guereza	Trait State in Taxon B		
Data not curated	Ancestral State		
Intergenic or Higher (https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxonomic)	Taxonomic Status		
Status="^Intergenic or Higher^#gephebase-summary-title)			
	Taxon A	Taxon B	
Primates	Latin Name	Colobus guereza	Latin Name
(https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and		(https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Taxon and	
Synonyms="^Primates^#gephebase-summary-title)	Common Name	guereza^#gephebase-summary-title)	Common Name
-	Common Name	mantled guereza	Common Name
Primata; Primates Linnaeus, 1758	Synonyms	Colobus abyssinicus; mantled guereza; eastern black-and -white colobus; guereza; Colobus	Synonyms
order	Rank	abyssinicus (Oken, 1816); Colobus guereza Rueppell, 1835	Rank
cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia;	Lineage	species	Lineage
Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii;		cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia;	
Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria;		Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii;	
Euarchontoglires	Parent	Dipnotetrapodomorpha; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Boreoeutheria;	
Euarchontoglires () - (Rank: superorder)		Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Simiiformes; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea;	
(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=314146)	NCBI Taxonomy ID	Cercopithecidae; Colobinae; Colobus	Parent
9443		Colobus (black-and-white colobus monkeys) - (Rank: genus)	
(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9443)		(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=9570)	NCBI Taxonomy ID
No	is Taxon A an Intraspecies?	33548	
		(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi?id=33548)	is Taxon B an Intraspecies?
		No	

GENOTYPIC CHANGE

RNASE1B	Generic Gene Name	Q8SPN3 (http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q8SPN3)	UniProtKB Pygathrix nemaeus
-	Synonyms	0	GenebankID or UniProtKB
-	String		
Belongs to the pancreatic ribonuclease family.	Sequence Similarities		
GO:0003676 : nucleic acid binding (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0003676)	GO - Molecular Function		
GO:0004522 : ribonuclease A activity			
(https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0004522)	GO - Biological Process		
-			
GO:0005576 : extracellular region (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/QuickGO/term/GO:0005576)	GO - Cellular Component		

Mutation #1

Presumptive Null

No ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null="+No^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive+Null=))

Molecular Type

Coding ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type="+Coding^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular+Type=))

Aberration Type

SNP ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type="+SNP^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration+Type=))

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

The three amino acid changes R4Q K6E R39W have a phenotypic effect in combination - the effect of a single amino acid change has not been tested - the fact that they evolved independently in another lineage suggests that they all have a phenotypic effect

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence="+Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental+Evidence=))

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	-	-	-
Amino-acid	Arg	Gln	4

Main Reference

Parallel adaptive origins of digestive RNases in Asian and African leaf monkeys. (2006) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16767103>)

Authors

Zhang J

Abstract

Similar morphological or physiological changes occurring in multiple evolutionary lineages are not uncommon. Such parallel changes are believed to be adaptive, because a complex character is unlikely to originate more than once by chance. However, the occurrence of adaptive parallel amino acid substitutions is debated. Here I propose four requirements for establishing adaptive parallel evolution at the protein sequence level and use these criteria to demonstrate such a case. I report that the gene encoding pancreatic ribonuclease was duplicated independently in Asian and African leaf-eating monkeys. Statistical analyses of DNA sequences, functional assays of reconstructed ancestral proteins and site-directed mutagenesis show that the new genes acquired enhanced digestive efficiencies through parallel amino acid replacements driven by darwinian selection. They also lost a non-digestive function independently, under a relaxed selective constraint. These results demonstrate that despite the overall stochasticity, even molecular evolution has a certain degree of repeatability and predictability under the pressures of natural selection.

Additional References

Mutation #2

Presumptive Null

No ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null="+No^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive+Null=))

Molecular Type

Coding ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type="+Coding^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular+Type=))

Aberration Type

SNP ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type="+SNP^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration+Type=))

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

The three amino acid changes R4Q K6E R39W have a phenotypic effect in combination - the effect of a single amino acid change has not been tested - the fact that they evolved independently in another lineage suggests that they all have a phenotypic effect

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence="+Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental+Evidence=))

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	-	-	-
Amino-acid	Lys	Glu	6

Main Reference

Parallel adaptive origins of digestive RNases in Asian and African leaf monkeys. (2006) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16767103>)

Authors

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Additional References

Mutation #3

Presumptive Null

No (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Presumptive Null=^No^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Molecular Type

Coding (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Molecular Type=^Coding^#gephebase-summary-title>)

Aberration Type

SNP (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Aberration Type=^SNP^#gephebase-summary-title>)

SNP Coding Change

Nonsynonymous

Molecular Details of the Mutation

The three amino acid changes R4Q K6E R39W have a phenotypic effect in combination - the effect of a single amino acid change has not been tested - the fact that they evolved independently in another lineage suggests that they all have a phenotypic effect

Experimental Evidence

Candidate Gene (<https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/and+Experimental Evidence=^Candidate Gene^#gephebase-summary-title>)

	Taxon A	Taxon B	Position
Codon	-	-	-
Amino-acid	Arg	Trp	39

Main Reference

Parallel adaptive origins of digestive RNases in Asian and African leaf monkeys. (2006) (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16767103>)

Authors

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Abstract

Similar morphological or physiological changes occurring in multiple evolutionary lineages are not uncommon. Such parallel changes are believed to be adaptive, because a complex character is unlikely to originate more than once by chance. However, the occurrence of adaptive parallel amino acid substitutions is debated. Here I propose four requirements for establishing adaptive parallel evolution at the protein sequence level and use these criteria to demonstrate such a case. I report that the gene encoding pancreatic ribonuclease was duplicated independently in Asian and African leaf-eating monkeys. Statistical analyses of DNA sequences, functional assays of reconstructed ancestral proteins and site-directed mutagenesis show that the new genes acquired enhanced digestive efficiencies through parallel amino acid replacements driven by darwinian selection. They also lost a non-digestive function independently, under a relaxed selective constraint. These results demonstrate that despite the overall stochasticity, even molecular evolution has a certain degree of repeatability and predictability under the pressures of natural selection.

Additional References

RELATED GEPHE

Related Genes

No matches found.

Related Haplotypes

1 ([https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene Gephebase=^ribonuclease 1B \(RNase1B\)^/and+Taxon ID=^9443^/or+Gene Gephebase=^ribonuclease 1B \(RNase1B\)^/and+Taxon ID=^33548^#gephebase-summary-title](https://www.gephebase.org/search-criteria?/or+Gene Gephebase=^ribonuclease 1B (RNase1B)^/and+Taxon ID=^9443^/or+Gene Gephebase=^ribonuclease 1B (RNase1B)^/and+Taxon ID=^33548^#gephebase-summary-title))

EXTERNAL LINKS

COMMENTS